

TACK

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 04/05/2021 Date of issue: 04/19/2017 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture Product Name: TACK Synonyms: Emulsion

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: PA Tack Coat.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company:

Russell Standard 285 Kappa Drive Suite 300

Pittsburgh, PA 15238

Directory: (800) 323-3053
Main: (412) 449-0700
Fax: (412) 449-0704
www.russellstandard.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: (800) 255-3924 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification:

Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Dam. 1 H318
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Carc. 2 H351
Repr. 1B H360
Aquatic Acute 3 H402
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see Section 16.

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):







GHS05

GHS07

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US): Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US):

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US):

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

P308+310+313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Asphalt may contain trace quantities of benzene (< 0.1%). Elevated temperature conditions may emit hydrogen sulfide, an asphalt decomposition product. This material contains trace levels of methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % | GHS-US classification |
|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| Asphalt | (CAS-No.) 8052-42-4 | 57 - 65 | Carc. 2, H351 |
| Water | (CAS-No.) 7732-18-5 | 35 - 43 | Not classified |

| Name | Product Identifier | % | GHS-US classification |
|---|------------------------|-----------|--|
| Indulin AA-83 | (CAS-No.) Proprietary | < 0.6 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| Hydrochloric acid | (CAS-No.) 7647-01-0 | 0.2 - 0.5 | Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 |
| Amides, C18-unsaturated, N-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] | (CAS-No.) 1379524-06-7 | < 0.5 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| Methyl alcohol | (CAS-No.) 67-56-1 | < 0.1875 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370 |
| Scleroglucan | (CAS-No.) 39464-87-4 | < 0.1 | Comb. Dust |

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200]. Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Skin sensitization. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur and/or nitrogen. Hydrogen sulfide and other sulfur-containing gases can evolve from this product at elevated temperatures.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: This product, if heated may release asphalt fumes. During processing, inhalation of fumes may cause dizziness and/or irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat. Hot molten product will cause thermal burns to the skin.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

PA Tack Coat.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in Section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route |
| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background, nonspecific) |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 260 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³) | 325 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 6000 ppm |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 260 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter) |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free |

| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek (nonquantitative) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---|
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (fume) |

| Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0) | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH Ceiling (ppm) | 2 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³) | 7 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm) | 5 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³) | 7 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm) | 5 ppm |

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: Black / Brown

Odor: Asphalt

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: 2 - 5

Evaporation Rate: No data available
Melting Point: No data available
Freezing Point: No data available

Boiling Point: 212 °F (100 °C)
Flash Point: No data available

Auto-ignition Temperature: No data available Decomposition Temperature: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Vapor Pressure: No data available

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C: No data available

Relative Density: No data available Specific Gravity: 0.9 - 1.1 (Water = 1)

Density: 7.5 - 9.2 lb/gal Solubility: No data available

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data available

Viscosity: 5 - 20 SFS

Other Information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

9.2.

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | 15840 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 3 mg/I/4h |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | 22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h) |
| ATE (Oral) | 100.00 mg/kg body weight |
| ATE (Dermal) | 300.00 mg/kg body weight |

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 94.4 mg/m³ |

| Hydrochloric acid (7647-0 | 1-0) |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 5010 mg/kg |
| | |

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

pH: 2 - 5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 2 - 5

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
|---|---|
| IARC group | 2B |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List | In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. |

| Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0) | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| IARC group | 3 |

Reproductive Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life.

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|--------------------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 1340 mg/l |
| LC50 Fish 2 | > 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |

| Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0) | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 7.45 mg/l (Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss - Exposure time: 96h) |

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

| TACK | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Persistence and Degradability | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

| TACK | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| BCF Fish 1 | < 10 |
| Log Pow | -0.77 |

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| BCF Fish 1 | (no bioaccumulation expected) |
| Log Pow | > 6 |

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

| TACK | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Carcinogenicity Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity |

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|--|---------|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| CERCLA RQ | 5000 lb |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1 % |

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
|--|---|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | |
| CERCLA RQ | 5000 lb |
| SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) | 500 lb (gas only) |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1% (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size) |

| Scleroglucan (39464-87-4) | |
|---|---|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under Chemical Data Reporting Rule (formerly the Inventory Update Reporting Rule), i.e., Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 711). |

Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. US State Regulations

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|---|---|
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects. |

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Asphalt (8052-42-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision: 05/02/2018

Other Information: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

| GHS Full Text Phrases | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1 |
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3 |
| Carc. 2 | Carcinogenicity Category 2 |
| Comb. Dust | Combustible Dust |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| Met. Corr. 1 | Corrosive to metals Category 1 |
| Repr. 1B | Reproductive toxicity Category 1B |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitization, category IB |
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |

| GHS Full Text Phrases | |
|-----------------------|--|
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)